

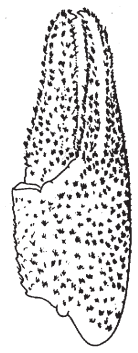
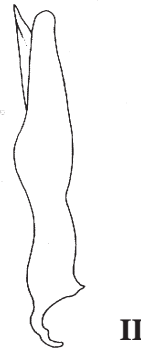
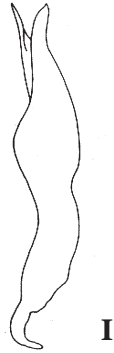
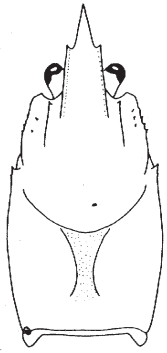
CEPHALOTHORAX

GONOPODES

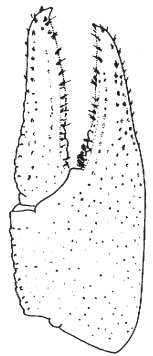
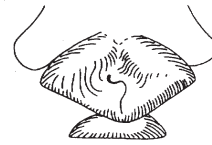
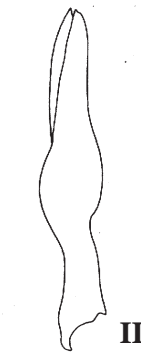
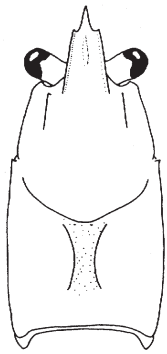
GONOPORE

PINCE

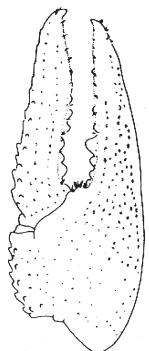
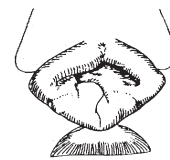
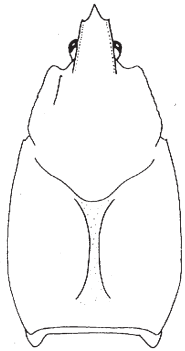
Orconectes (Faxonius) limonus



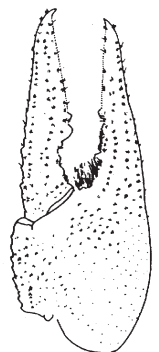
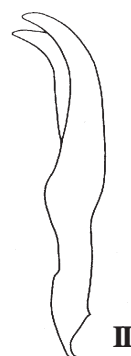
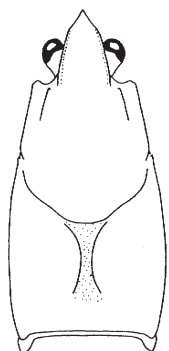
Orconectes (Crockerinus) propinquus



Orconectes (Gremicambarus) virilis



Orconectes (Gremicambarus) immunis



VUE MÉDIANE

VUE LATÉRALE

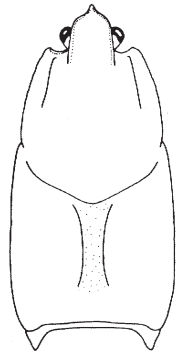
CEPHALOTHORAX

GONOPODES

GONOPORE

PINCE

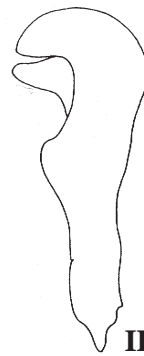
Cambarus (Cambarus) bartonii bartonii



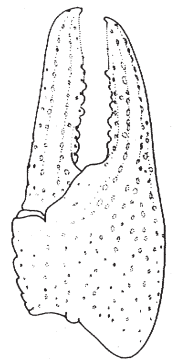
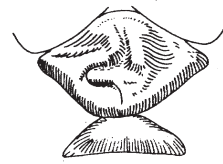
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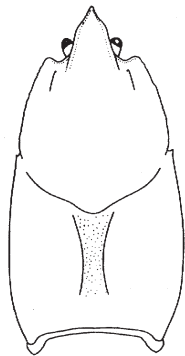
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II



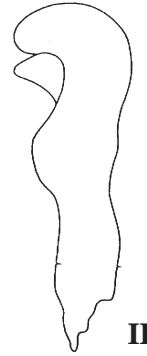
Cambarus (Puncticambarus) robustus



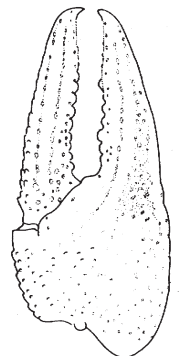
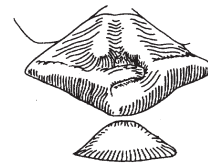
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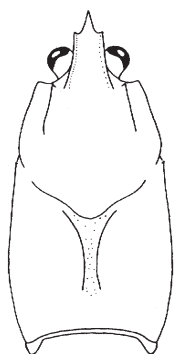


II



Espèce à surveiller : possibilité d'introduction éventuelle dans le Saint-Laurent

Orconectes (Procericambarus) rusticus



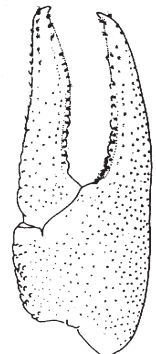
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I

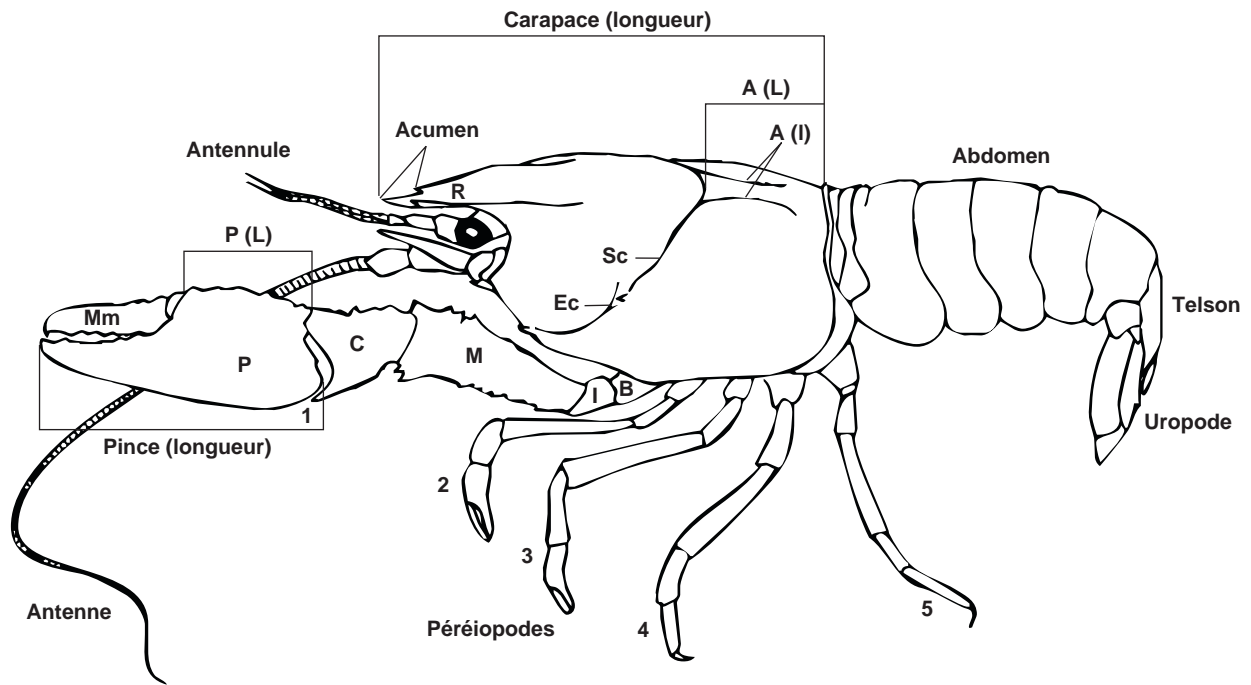


II



VUE MÉDIANE

VUE LATÉRALE



A (L)	Aréole (longueur)	M	Merus
A (I)	Aréole (largeur)	Mm	mors mobile
B	Basis	P	Propodus
C	Carpus	P (L)	Palme (longueur)
Ec	Épine cervicale	R	Rostre
I	Ischium	Sc	Sillon cervical

Modifié de : Hobbs, H.H. 1991. *Decapoda*. Chap. 22, in: J.H. Thorp and A.P. Covich (Eds.). *Ecology and classification of North American freshwater invertebrates*. Academic Press, Inc. NY. 911 pp.

Figure 1 **Vue dorso-latérale d'une écrevisse**